

324BC

1912 Dates J-BK

Alexander returned to PERSIS
and thence to SUS A.

324BC

Damasthenes is banished from
Greece

Spring of 324 BC +

Alexander went to EC BATANA, and
in 324 BC his bosom friend
HEPHAESTION died.

389-314BC
389-314BC

1912 Dates J-BK

Three speeches "Against TIMARCHUS"
"On the False Embassy" and
"Against CTESIPHON"
by AESCINES (389-314BC)
Second only to his great rival
Demosthenes.

Mar 324BC

Alexander returned to Susa from the desert. Soon afterward the arrival of some 30,000 Persian noble youths, who, on his order, had been taught Greek and instructed in Macedonian warfare. He called them the Successors.

Spring 324 BC

Alexander held a mass wedding for himself and more than 80 other Macedonian officers to Persian noblewomen. He himself took 2 wives, one a daughter of Darius.

Persia, not Greece, was now his base of operations, and he began plans to conquer Arabia &

perhaps Carthage or Italy

Fall 324B^c

In Ecbatana, Hephæstion,
Alexander's companion since
boyhood, took ill and died
of undetermined causes.

Alexander's grief was extravagant
He crucified Hephæstion's physician
Alexander's own health, now
impaired by a brutal chest wound
received in India - one of

his many injuries - and he was
subject to the mood swings and
murderous rages of an alcoholic.

324 BC (July-Aug)

Restoration of exiles proclaimed
at Olympic games

113 olympiads (4 yrs) since 776

End of 324 BC

Alexander returned to Babylon where he met embassies from the BRUTTIANS, LUCANIANS and ETRUSCANS (from Italy), the CARTHAGINIANS, CELTS, SCYTHIANS, LIBYANS, and ETHIOPIANS.